Quarantine and health certification in aquaculture

Introduction

 Quarantine and health certification programs are the essential components in the fight against diseases arising from the introduction or transfer of exotic fish and shellfish.

Quarantine as per OIE

- It is a process of maintaining a group of aquatic animals in isolation with no direct or indirect contact with other aquatic animals, in order to undergo observation for a specified length of time and, if appropriate, testing and treatment, including proper treatment of the effluent waters (OIE).
- a minimum period of quarantine, termed as quarantine period

Quarantine or quarantine measures

- Enforced to reduce or minimize the risk of introducing pathogens into the territory of the importing country or new location and their transmission to susceptible species.
- This is also aimed to prevent the introduction of potentially harmful and unapproved aquatic organisms, which may get inadvertently transported.

The basic requirements for effective quarantine include

- Adequate physical infrastructure
- Established operating protocols
- Adequate facilities for carrying out traceability, diagnosis of pathogens, containment measures etc.
- Well-trained personnel for undertaking the above work without lapse.

Health certification

- It is a process associated with any stock of aquatic animals that are either exported or imported and issued by well qualified personnel from a quarantine facility
- Samples collected for health surveillance should be large enough for screening and proper pathogen detection
- Samples should be collected preferably by stratified random sampling
- Surveillance sampling has also to be carried out in season best known to aggravate the incidence of the disease